

Name_		
Date		

Analogies 2 Level 12

Directions: Choose the pair of words that best express a relationship similar to that of the original pair. Then write the bridge sentence(s) to the right.

By definition, a <u>platitude</u> is <u>cliché</u>. By definition, a <u>sage</u> is <u>wise</u>.



Example:

Bridge Type: Definition

#) PLATITUDE : CLICHÉ

A) dogma : accurateB) theater : dramatic

C) sage : wise

D) legerdemain : obviousE) portent : beneficial

Bridge Type: Lack

1) POWERLESS: EFFICACY

A) turbulent: violence

B) anomalous: irregularity

C) homogenous: similarity

D) effluent : water

E) explicit: ambiguity

Bridge Sentence:

Something that is **powerless** lacks **efficacy**.

Something that is _____ lacks

Bridge Type: Characteristic

2) RIVULET: SMALL

A) dissertation: plagiarized

B) bird: fledgling

C) bankruptcy: indebted

D) hooligan: athletic

E) citadel: fortified

Bridge Sentence:

A characteristic of a <u>rivulet</u> is to be <u>small</u>.

A characteristic of a _____ is to be

Bridge Type: Definition (Antonyms)

3) WRETCHED: CHEERFUL

A) territorial: terrestrial

B) innocuous: dangerous

C) floundering: struggling

D) redacted: censored

E) solitary: confined

Bridge Sentence:

The opposite of wretched is cheerful.

The opposite of ______ is _____.

Bridge 1	Type: Part to Whole	
4)	LEVEL : HIERARCHY	Bridge Sentence:
A)	installment : serial	bridge Semence.
B)	halo : messiah	A <u>level</u> is part of a <u>hierarchy</u> .
C)	vinaigrette : salad	
D)	courtroom : drama	A is part of a
E)	misnomer : definition	
Bridge 1	Type: Type/Kind	
5)	PECCADILLO : SIN	
A)	masquerade : party	Bridge Sentence:
В)	peasant : serf	A <u>peccadillo</u> is a type of <u>sin</u> .
C)	sarcophagus : funeral	
D)	letdown : devastation	
E)	hex : wizard	
		•
	Type: Characteristic	
6)	TYRO : INEXPERIENCED	Bridge Sentence:
A)	headmaster : principled	bridge semence.
В)	scapegoat : blameworthy	A characteristic of a <mark>tyro</mark> is to be
C)	forgery : valuable	<u>inexperienced</u> .
D)	sycophant : servile	
E)	risk : worthwhile	
7)	BLANDISHMENT : COAX	
A)	directory : telephone	Bridge Sentence:
В)	pavilion : promenade	
C)	surplus : squander	
D)	eulogy : praise	
E)	controversy : placate	
8)	PRAGMATISM : PHILOSOPHY	Bridge Sentence:
A)	elevation : pinnacle	bridge Sentence.
В)	cancer : malady	
C)	electricity : outlet	
D)	cacophony : opera	
E)	chemistry : element	

Answers and Explanations

1) E

Powerless means lacking any power or ability to influence something. Efficacy is the ability to produce a desired result. Thus, something that is powerless lacks efficacy. Explicit means very clear. Ambiguity is a lack of clarity. Thus, something that is explicit lacks ambiguity. Therefore (E) is correct.

2) **E**

A rivulet is a very small stream. Thus, a characteristic of a rivulet is to be small. A citadel is a fortress. Thus, a characteristic of a citadel is to be fortified. Therefore (E) is correct.

3) **B**

Wretched means in a very unhappy or unfortunate state. Thus, wretched is the opposite of cheerful. Innocuous means harmless. Thus, innocuous is the opposite of dangerous. Therefore (B) is correct.

4) A

A *hierarchy* is a system of organization that involves levels and tiers. Thus, a *level* is part of a hierarchy. An *installment* is a part of something that is published, broadcast, or made public in sequence at intervals. A *serial* is a story or play appearing in regular installment on television or in a print publication. Thus, an installment is part of a serial. Therefore (A) is correct.

5) **A**

A peccadillo is a minor, unimportant offense or sin. Thus, a peccadillo is a type of sin. A masquerade is a masked ball. Thus, a masquerade is a type of party. Therefore (A) is correct.

6) **D**

A tyro is a novice or beginner. Thus, a characteristic of a tyro is to be *inexperienced*. A sycophant is someone who is overly servile or toady. Thus, a characteristic of a sycophant is to be servile. Therefore **(D)** is correct.

7) **D**

A *blandishment* is a flattering or pleasant statement used to persuade someone to do something. *Coax* means to persuade someone to do something using flattery. Thus, a blandishment is used to coax. A *eulogy* is a laudatory or praising speech. Thus, a eulogy is used to *praise*. Therefore **(D)** is correct.

8) **B**

Pragmatism is a philosophical approach that assesses the truth of meaning of theories in terms of their practical applications. Thus, pragmatism is a type of philosophy. *Cancer* is a disease caused by uncontrolled division of abnormal cells. A *malady* is a disease or ailment. Thus, cancer is a type of malady. Therefore **(B)** is correct.